



## Overview of Molcas

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# Today we will learn..

- Installation of Molcas
- HowTo get help
- HowTo run Molcas
- HowTo create input
- General structure of the input



# A code called Molcas

- source code (Fortran, C) + scripts (Perl, bash)
- can be configured for
  - ◆ different platforms: Unix, Linux, Windows, MacOS
  - ◆ serial, parallel (SMP or cluster), grid
  - ◆ 32- and 64- bit
  - ◆ all major compilers: gfortran, Intel, PGI, NAG, SunStudio
- a compiled code includes:
  - ◆ set of executables to solve a QCh problem
  - ◆ driver scripts to parse input, and run executables
  - ◆ tools and interface programs
  - ◆ databases (e.g. basis set library)



# Configuration

prerequisite software

- Fortran77/90 and C compilers, Perl interpreter
- GNU make, sharutils
- GUI related software/libraries: OpenGL, glut, etc..

Configuration:

- *./configure* (execute setup script)
- *./configure -compiler intel -speed fast*



# Installation

- *make*
  - ◆ build GA library (can be done externaly)
  - ◆ build the code
  - ◆ build databases
  - ◆ make a first run (to verify: it runs!)
- *molcas getextra* - download GUI
- *config.extra* - build GUI (not recommended)

## Reconfiguring

- *make distclean; ./configure [flags]; make*



# molcas command

- molcas driver (which version to run?)
- molcas.exe (license and parser)
- molcas commands:
  - ◆ molcas input [flags]
  - ◆ molcas tool [arguments]
- Multiple installations of Molcas
  - ◆ case 1: Current (or parent) directory is MOLCAS
  - ◆ case 2: MOLCAS environment is set
  - ◆ case 3: latest molcas installation (.Molcas/molcas)



# Help!!

- on-line documentation *www.molcas.org*
- molcas help command
  - ◆ *molcas help*
  - ◆ *molcas help scf*
  - ◆ *molcas help scf charge*
  - ◆ *molcas help -t b3lyp*
  - ◆ *molcas help environment MOLCAS\_OUTPUT*
  - ◆ *molcas help basis Cu*
- Solving problems
  - ◆ Molcas user's billboard
  - ◆ Bug report system
  - ◆ direct mail: *molcas@teokem.lu.se*



# input example

File: Water.DFT.input

```
/* DFT/B3LYP calculation of water */  
&GATEWAY  
    COORD = water.xyz  
    Basis = ANO-S-MB  
&SEWARD  
&SCF  
    KSDFT = B3LYP
```





# First molcas run

molcas Water.DFT.input -f  
after run:

- Output
  - ◆ Water.DFT.log
  - ◆ Water.DFT.err
- Extra files
  - ◆ Water.DFT.ScfOrb
  - ◆ Water.DFT.scf.molden
- Intermediate files
  - ◆ /tmp/Water.DFT.5024/Water.DFT.RunFile
  - ◆ /tmp/Water.DFT.5024/Water.DFT.OrdInt



# Directories

- CurrDir - submit directory

we can write:

```
coord=water.xyz
```

or,

```
coord=${CurrDir}/water.xyz
```

by default: all outputs will be collected here.

- WorkDir - scratch area  
by default - a random name under */tmp*

Changing defaults: by environment variables.



# MOLCAS environment variables

- *molcas help environment*
- *molcas setuprc* – interactive script to redefine settings

Examples:

- *MOLCAS\_WORKDIR* parent directory for all scratch directories
- *MOLCAS\_PRINT* - set up print level
- *MOLCAS\_OUTPUT* - to set up output directory for additional output files
- *Project* - set up Project name
- *WorkDir* - set up scratch area ( $\$MOLCAS\_WORKDIR/\$Project$ )

Usage:

- molcasrc file (created by setuprc)
- export KEY=VALUE
- molcas KEY=VALUE input



# Running molcas

- output goes to screen:
  - ◆ *molcas file.input*
- output goes to log and error files (.log and .err) :
  - ◆ *molcas file.input -f*
- include environment into command:
  - ◆ *molcas MOLCAS\_PRINT = 3 file.input -f*
  - ◆ *CPUS = 2; export CPUS; molcas file.input*



# input example

Processing of molcas input:

- preprocessing (clean and massage the input)
- execute molcas modules or commands
- control of the execution (mini programming language)

```
/* set MOLCAS_PRINT */  
>>export MOLCAS_PRINT=NORMAL
```

```
/* run module GATEWAY */  
&GATEWAY  
/* input for module GATEWAY */  
    COORD = water.xyz  
    Basis = ANO-S-MB
```

```
/* run module SEWARD */  
&SEWARD
```





# EMIL/UNIX commands

```
>> UNIX ls
>> Export A=7
>> Eval B=$A+1
>> UNIX echo $B
>> Exit [returncode]
>> COPY File1 File2
>> LINK File1 File2
>> RM File
```

Note!  $>$  *Export!* = *export*,  $>$  *COPY!* = *cp*,  $>$  *LINK!* = *ln*

Note! all commands are executed at WorkDir



# EMIL commands for preprocessing

```
>> include filename
>> verbatim
    /* No preprocessing here!
       */
    A=B; $C
>> end verbatim
```





# IF control statements

```
>>>> If ( Iter = 1 ) <<<<
```

```
...
```

```
>>>> EndIf <<<<
```

```
>>>> If ( $VAR = 7 ) <<<<
```

```
...
```

```
>>>> EndIf <<<<
```

```
>>>> If ( -FILE file ) <<<<
```

```
...
```

```
>>>> EndIf <<<<
```

```
>>>> If ( $VAR = 7 ) GOTO JUMP
```

```
...
```

```
>>>> LABEL JUMP
```



# LOOP statements

```
>>>> Do While <<<<
```

```
.....
```

```
&SLAPAF ( or &LOOP) /* module with special RC */
```

```
>>>> EndDo <<<<
```

```
>>>> ForEach VAR IN ( 1, 2, 3 ) <<<<
```

```
.....
```

```
>>>> EndDo <<<<
```

```
>>>> ForEach VAR IN ( 1 .. 100 ) <<<<
```

```
.....
```

```
>>>> EndDo <<<<
```



## input example

```
/* this is an example of geometry
   optimization of
   water molecule using DFT */
&GATEWAY
    COORD=water.xyz
    Basis=ANO-S-MB
>>>>Do While
    &SEWARD
    &SCF ; KSDFT=B3LYP
    &SLAPAF
>>>> EndDo
```



# input example

```
>>export DIST=1.0
>>foreach DFT in (BLYP,B3LYP,LDA)
>>foreach L in ( 1,2,3 )
  >>eval DIST=$DIST+0.1
    &GATEWAY
      Coord
      2
      inlined coordinates for H2
      H 0 0 0
      H $DIST 0 0
      BASIS= ANO-S-MB
    &SEWARD; &SCF; KSDFT=$DFT
>>enddo
>>enddo
```



# Gateway module

- Coordinates

- ◆ 'Native' molcas input

- ◆ XYZ input (as a separate file or inline)

```
2      <- Number of atoms
comment line <- ( a.u., transformation)
O  0.0 0.0 0.0 <- element(†)
C  1.2 0.0 0.0      cartesian coordinates
```

(†) Element name can contain a basis set label.

- Basis set

- ◆ RI/CD basis set

- Symmetry

- External field (PCM,Xfield)



# 'Native' molcas input

- default symmetry:  $C_1$
- default units: atomic
- only symmetry unique atoms
- atoms with unique labels

```
&GATEWAY
Title = water, ano-s(dzp) basis set
Symmetry = x y
Basis set
H.ano-s...2s1p.
H1 -0.783975899 0.000000000 -0.184686472 Angstrom
End of basis
Basis set
O.ano-s...3s2p1d.
O 0.0 0.0 .369372944 Angstrom
End of basis
```



# XYZ input

- default symmetry is highest available ( $D_{2h}$  subgroup)
- default units: Ångstrom
- 'plain' xyz formatted file (inline or an external file)
- Global or local basis set labels

```
&GATEWAY
```

```
COORD
```

```
3
```

```
water molecule (in Angstrom)
```

```
H -0.783975899 0.0000000000 -0.184686472
```

```
H 0.783975899 0.0000000000 -0.184686472
```

```
O 0.0000000000 0.0000000000 .36937294400
```

```
Basis = ANO-S-VDZP
```



# advanced XYZ input

Basis

ANO-S-VDZP, H.ANO-S-VDZP, O.ANO-S...3s2p1d.

Group = C1

\* Group = x y

- for  $C_1$  group: Group=C1, or NoSym
- To 'freeze' the molecule: NoMove
- to hack: *\$WorkDir/findsym.std*





# Grid/Geometry Viewer/Editor (gv)

- visualization and edit of coordinates:  
*molcas gv file.xyz*  
*molcas gv -n new.xyz*
- visualization of densities and orbitals  
*molcas gv file.grid*  
*molcas gv -a -1.0 file1.grid file2.grid -out res.grid*
- selection of active space  
*molcas gv file.grid -> Save file.GvOrb*
- visualization of molden files  
*molcas gv file.geo.molden*  
*molcas gv file.freq.molden*  
*molcas gv file.scf.molden*



# Hints for GV usage

- Read the manual and tutorial!
- F1 - for a quick help
- Grouping (marking) and selection:
  - ◆ left mouse click - select an atom (up to 4)
  - ◆ left mouse + Shift - mark an atom (for group operations)
  - ◆ middle mouse click (or Space) - unselect/ungroup
- Operations:
  - ◆ +/– change a value
  - ◆ PageUp/PageDown change a property
  - ◆ F2 - save
  - ◆ F3 - view
  - ◆ F4 - edit
  - ◆ F5 - print